



Garbage in Garbage Out

Educating Stakeholders on how to Model and Interpret
Landfill Biogas Results

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- Landfill methane projects (New Projects)
 - Site Assessments
 - Pre-feasibility studies including pump tests
 - Feasibility studies
 - Full detailed system design including EIA's
 - Financial modelling
 - Tender processes
 - Project & Construction Management
- Landfill methane (Existing Projects)
 - Training & Operation
 - Technical Assessment and Due Diligence
 - Trouble shooting



- Has studied more than 100 landfill sites in over 12 different countries
- Built more than 20 gas systems in the U.K.
- Designed and managed the construction of;
 - Simeprodeso 7.4MW LFGTE project, Monterrey, Mexico
 - Rio Azul 3.4MW LFGTE project, San Jose, Costa Rica
 - Harmandali 4MW LFGTE, Izmir, Turkey
 - 2 LFG projects in Guatemala City
 - Monterrey II 5.3MW (under development)
- Full project reference list is on our web site

The familiar equation



Basic IPCC Gas model;

$$\text{Annual Gas Production} = L_0 \cdot M \cdot (1 - e^{-k})$$

where:

k = reaction rate constant ($\ln(2)/t_{1/2}$)

L_0 = methane generation potential (m³/tonne)

M = mass of degradable waste available

Exploring the variable - L_0

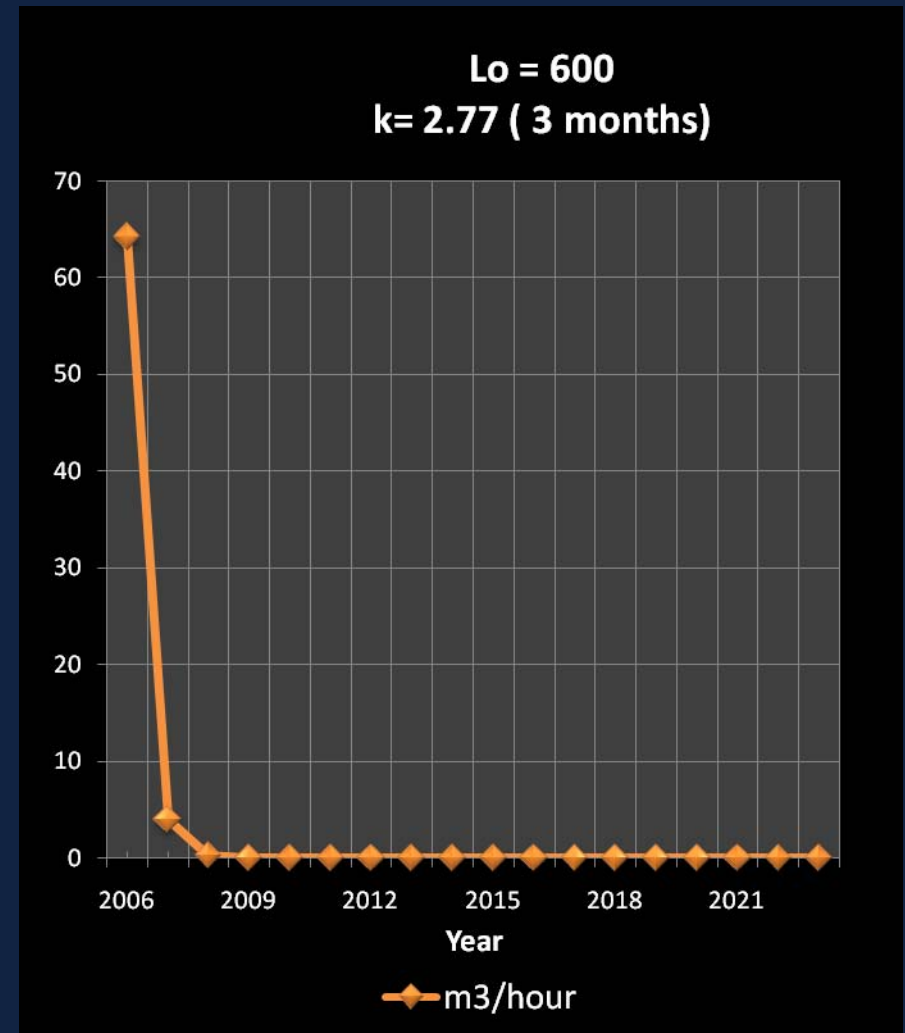


□ Example

- Perfectly degradable organic substrate
- Perfect digester
- Ideal conditions

□ L_0 = around 600m^3 / tonne Biogas

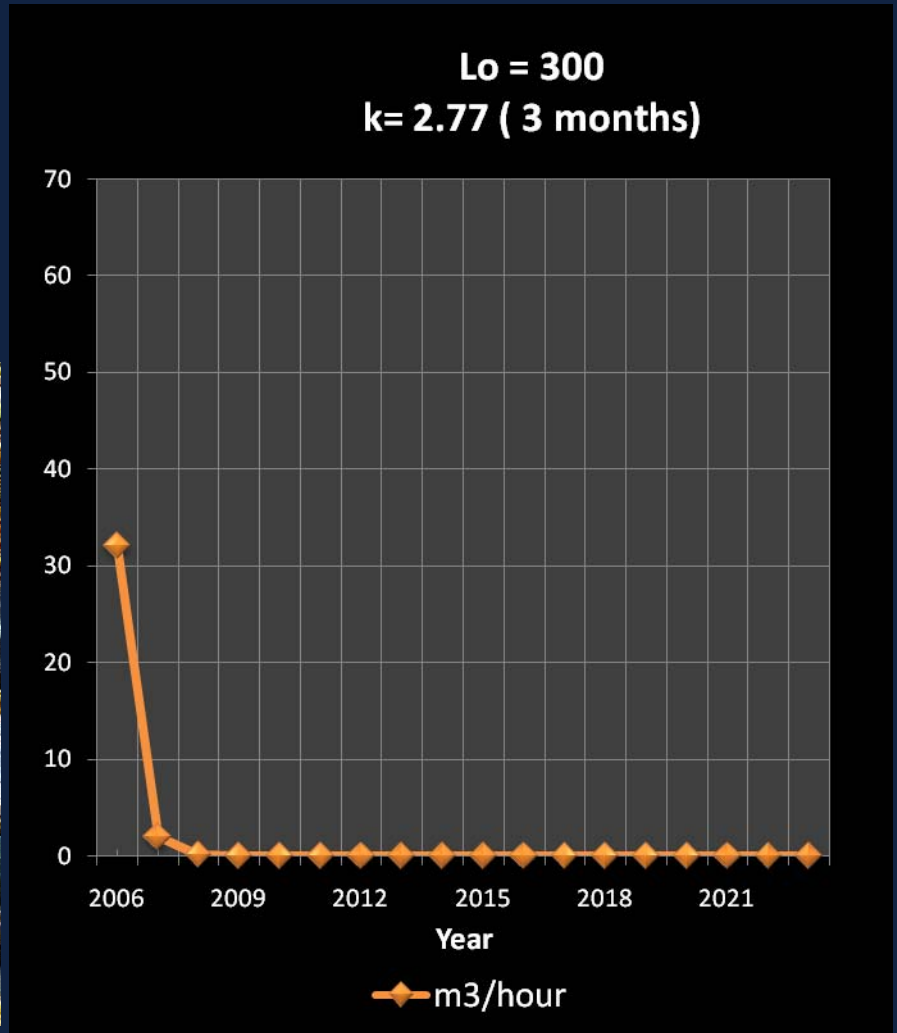
□ Complete degradation in 3 months



Exploring the variable - L_0

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- But waste is not 100% degradable
- L_0 maybe 300m³/tonne



Exploring the variable - L_0



- But not all the organic material degrades
 - Particle size too big
 - Acid conditions
 - Isolated from bacteria
 - Chemical inhibitors

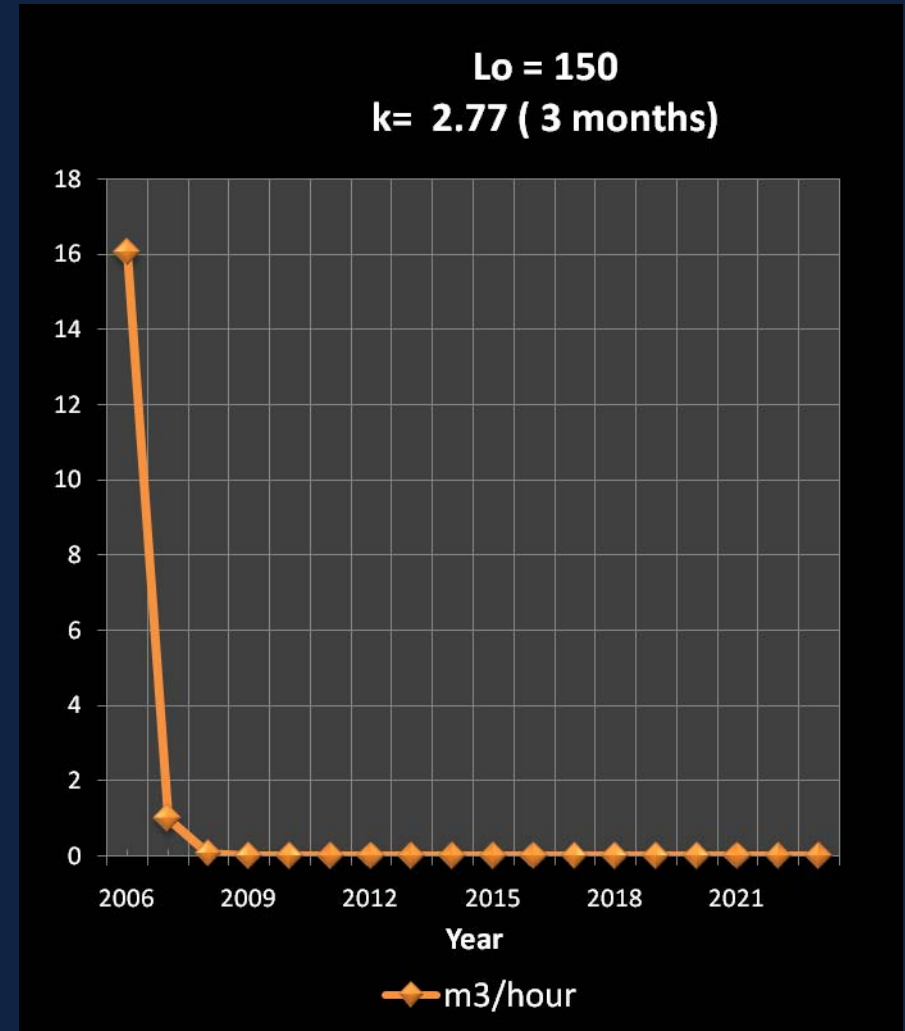
- Perhaps L_0 should be $150\text{m}^3/\text{tonne}$



Exploring the variable - k



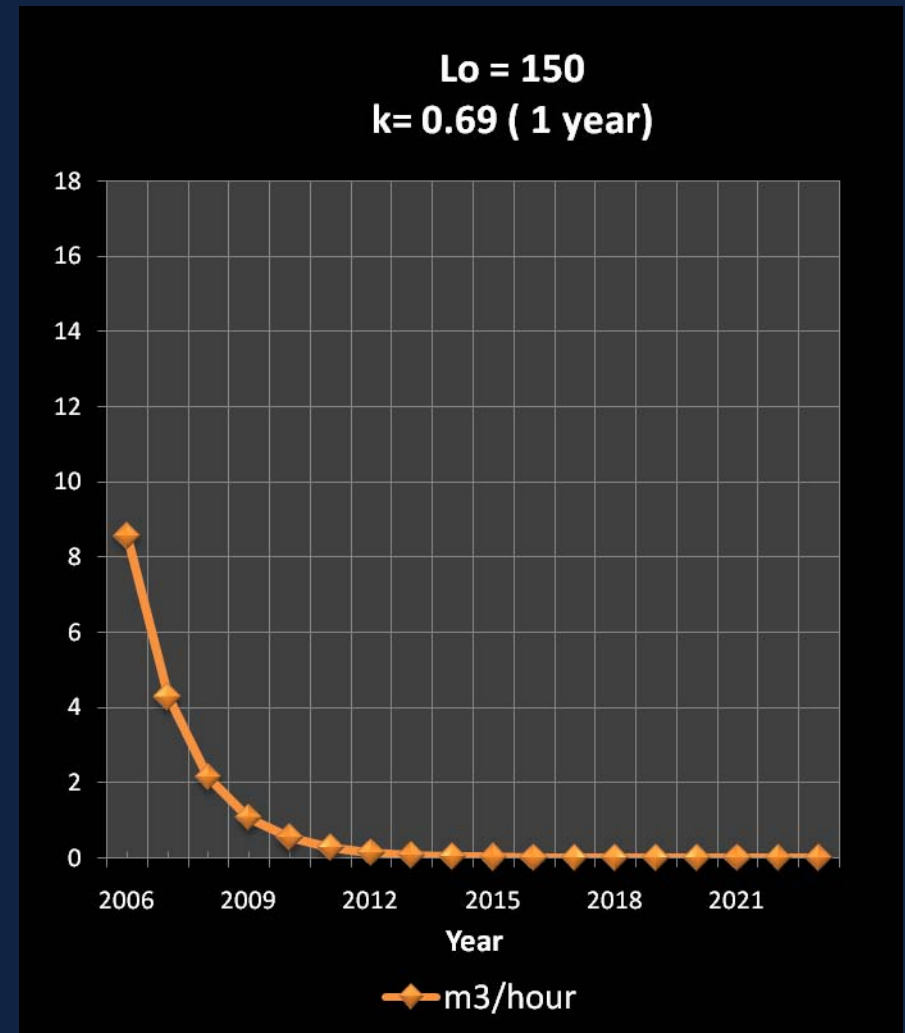
- In a perfect digester k is very high.
- In our example a half life of 3 months



Exploring the variable - k



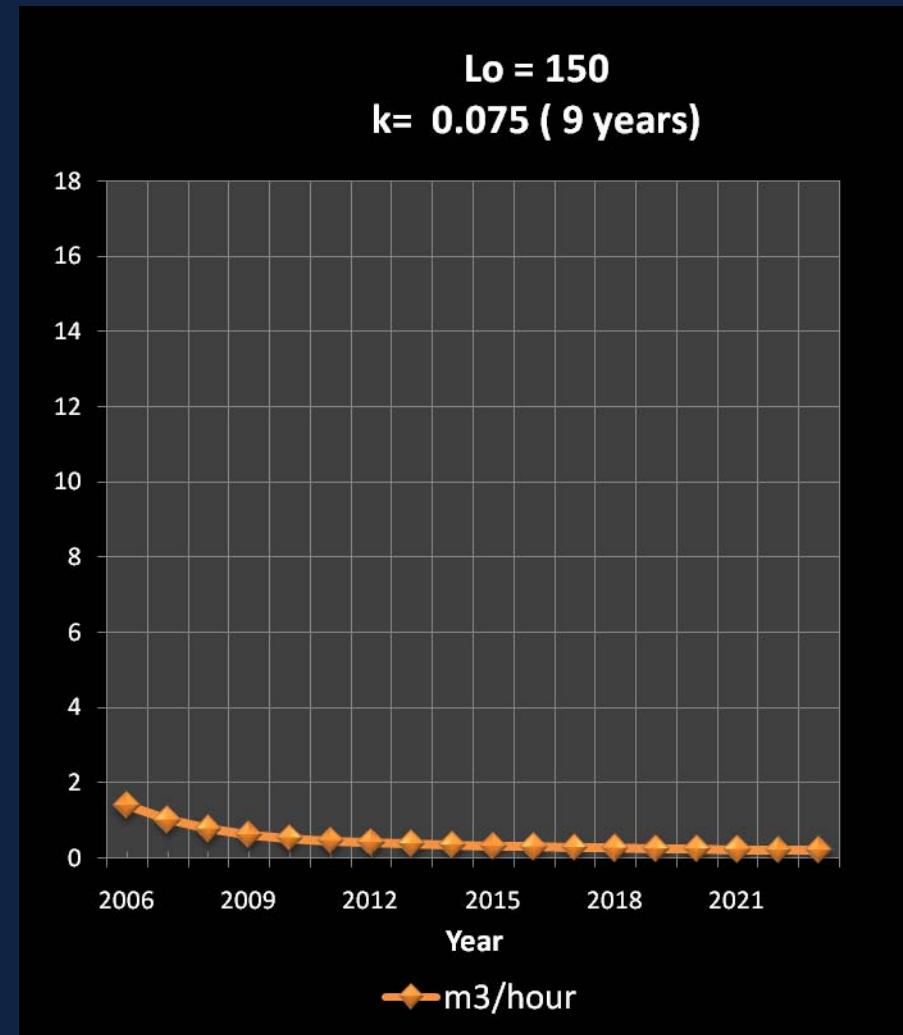
- In a perfect digester k is very high.
- In our example a half life of 3 months
- Landfill is NOT a perfect biodigester
- Perhaps half life = 1 year



Exploring the variable - k



- BUT – all waste is not easily degraded
- Perhaps degradable waste is:
 - 10% Oils, fats & sugars – Rapid (Half life = 1 year?)
 - 10% Proteins, carbohydrates, starches – Moderate (Half life = 2 years?)
 - 30% Paper & Card, green waste – Slow (Half life = 10 years?)
 - 50% Others – very slow (Half Life = 50 years?)

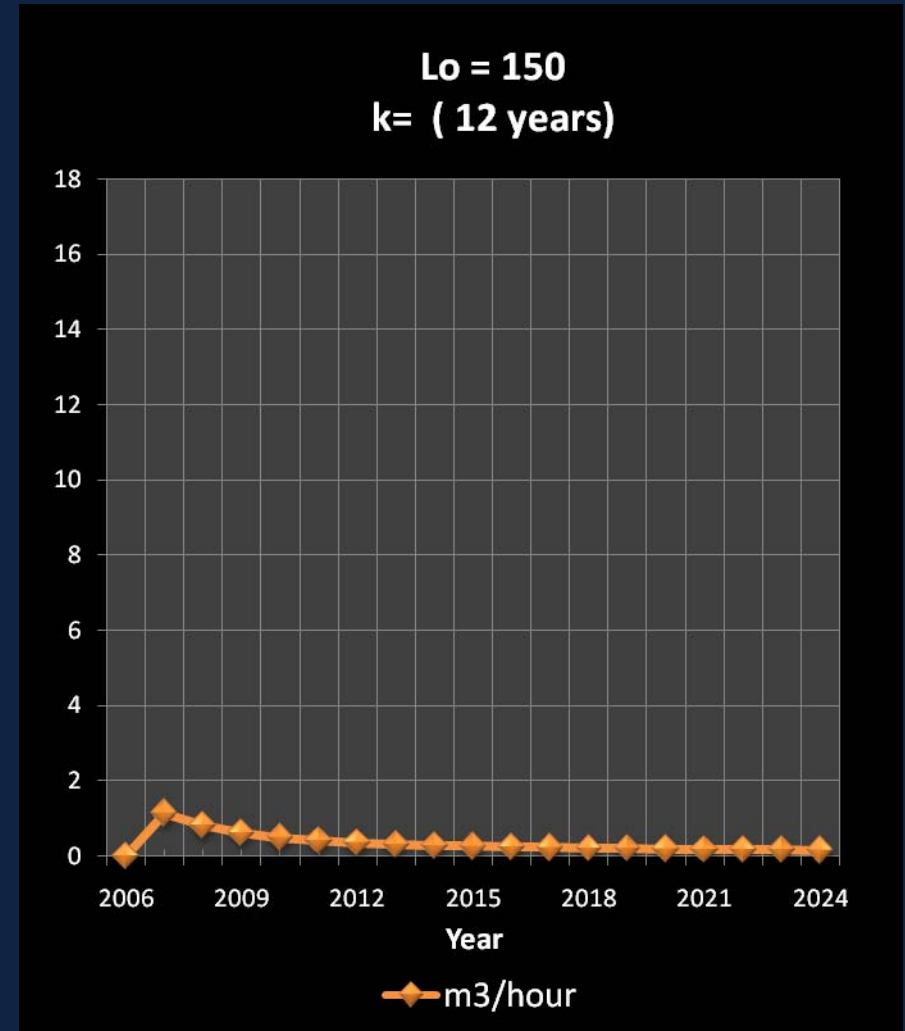


Exploring the variable - k

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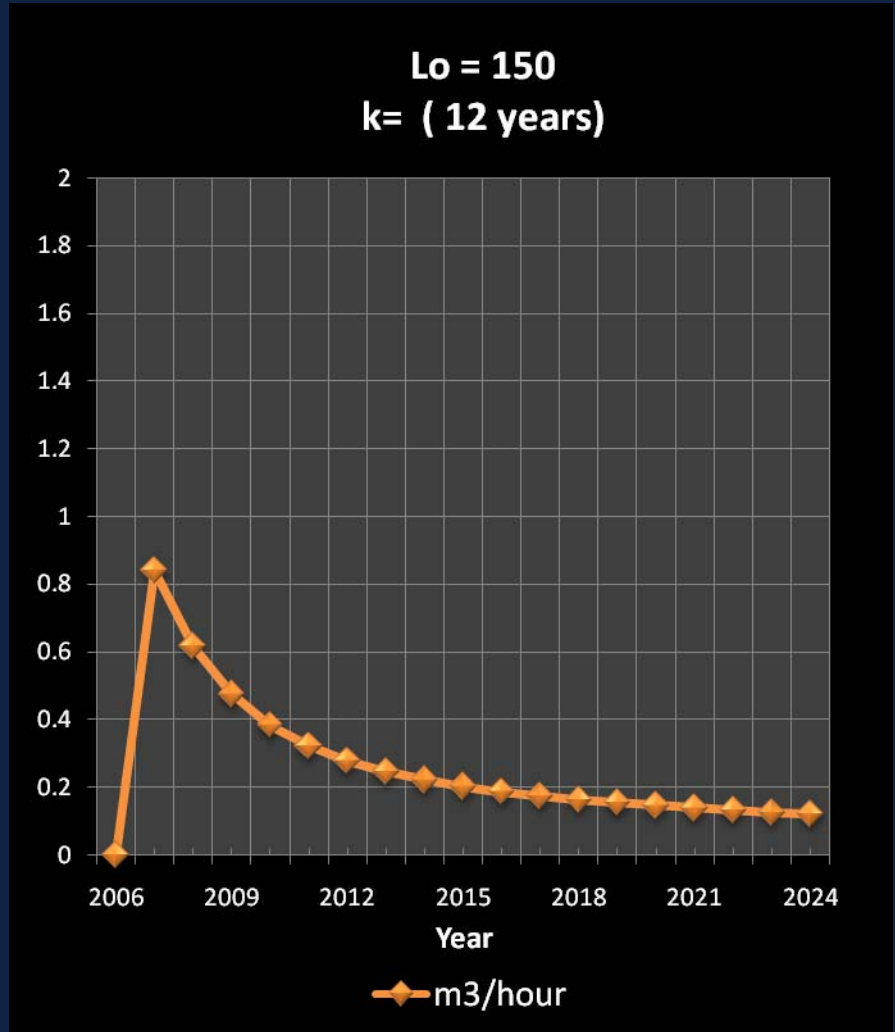
- But our 1,000 tonnes was deposited over 1 year!
- Maybe we should allow 6 months to reach full gas production



Are the numbers right?



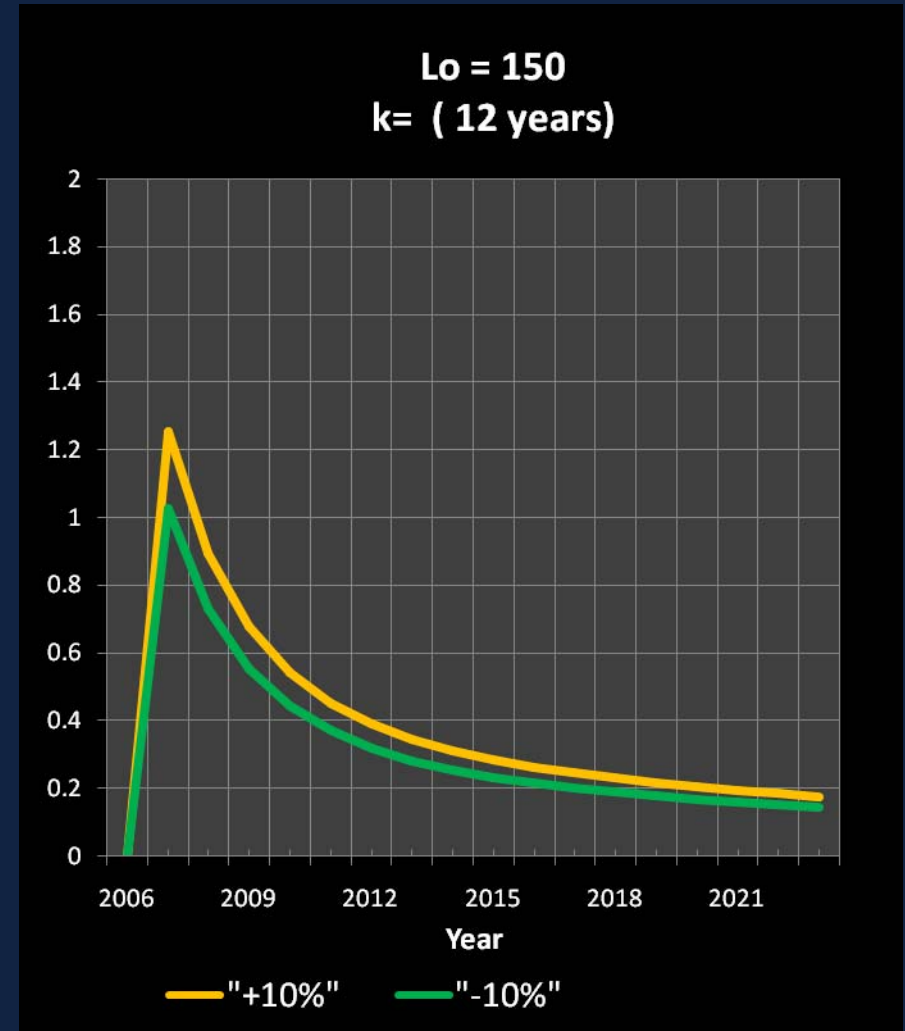
- Perhaps the Mass is $\pm 10\%$



Are the numbers right?



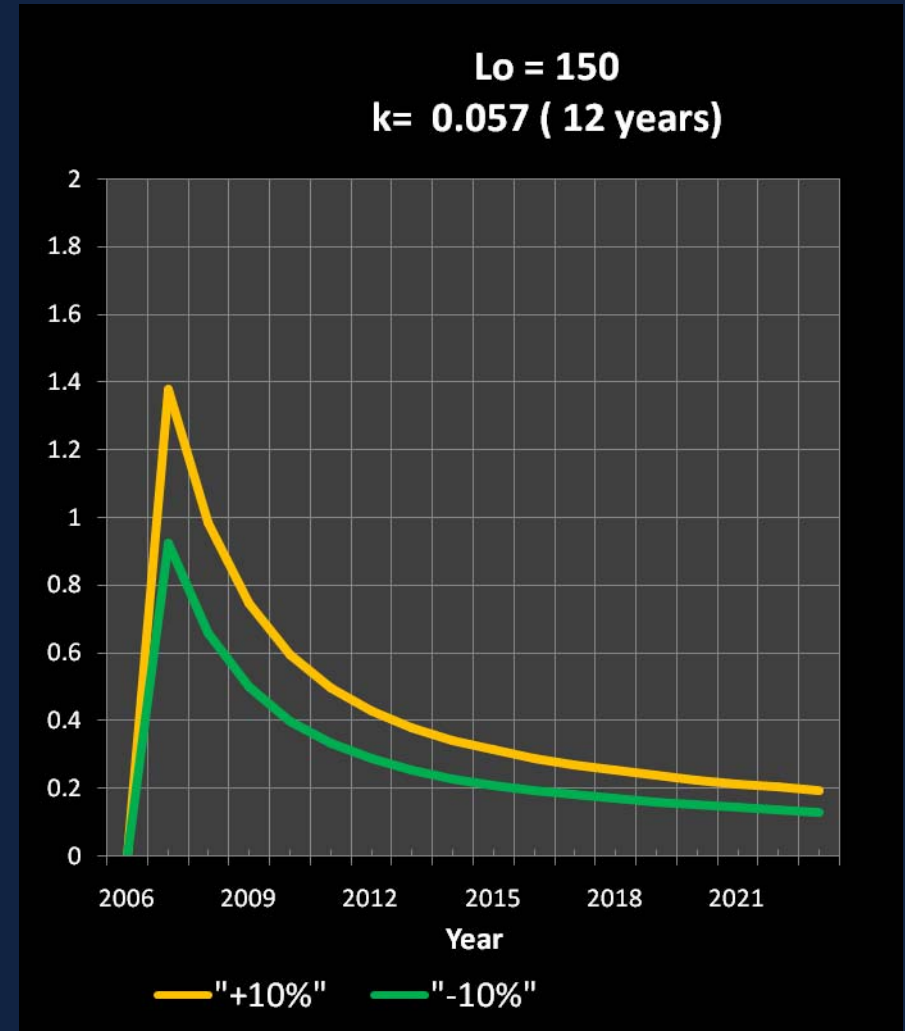
- Perhaps the Mass is $\pm 10\%$?
- Perhaps the L_0 is $\pm 10\%$?



Are the numbers right?



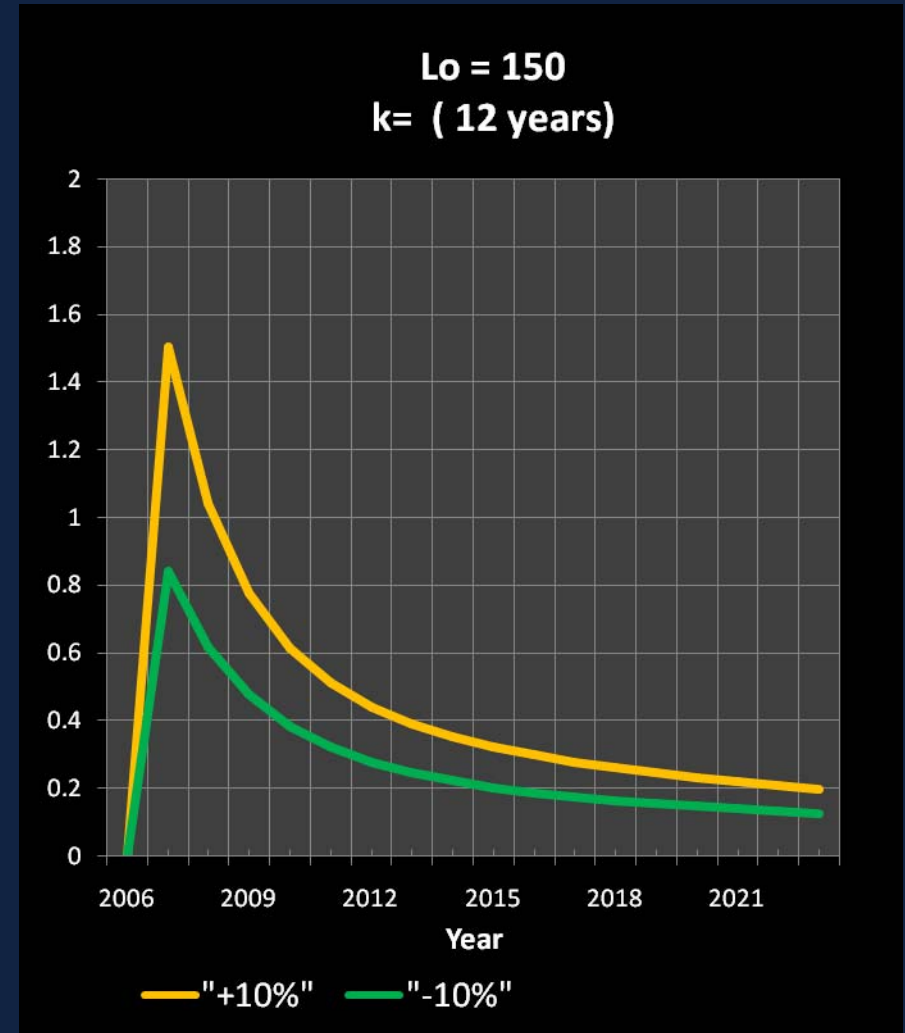
- Perhaps the Mass is $\pm 10\%$?
- Perhaps the L_0 is $\pm 10\%$?
- Perhaps the k is $\pm 10\%$



Are the variables right?



- Perhaps the mass is $\pm 10\%$?
- Perhaps the L_0 is $\pm 10\%$?
- Perhaps the k is $\pm 10\%$?
- Using reasonable assumptions throughout
- With a small error there is almost 100% difference in peak production



Other Waste Considerations

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- Is there enough moisture in the waste?
 - Rainfall
 - Capping layer quality

- What is the waste temperature
 - Methanogenic bacteria need heat



Is there something missing?

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- Our model indicates the possible *baseline*
- But we have not yet visited the site!
- So what factors should we look at on the site?



Basic IPCC Gas model;

$$\text{Annual Gas Production} = L_0 \cdot M \cdot (1 - e^{-k})$$

Needs a collection efficiency factor;

$$\text{Annual Gas Recovered} = \eta \cdot L_0 \cdot M \cdot (1 - e^{-k})$$



η

A small factor with a **BIG** impact

Is the site full of leachate?

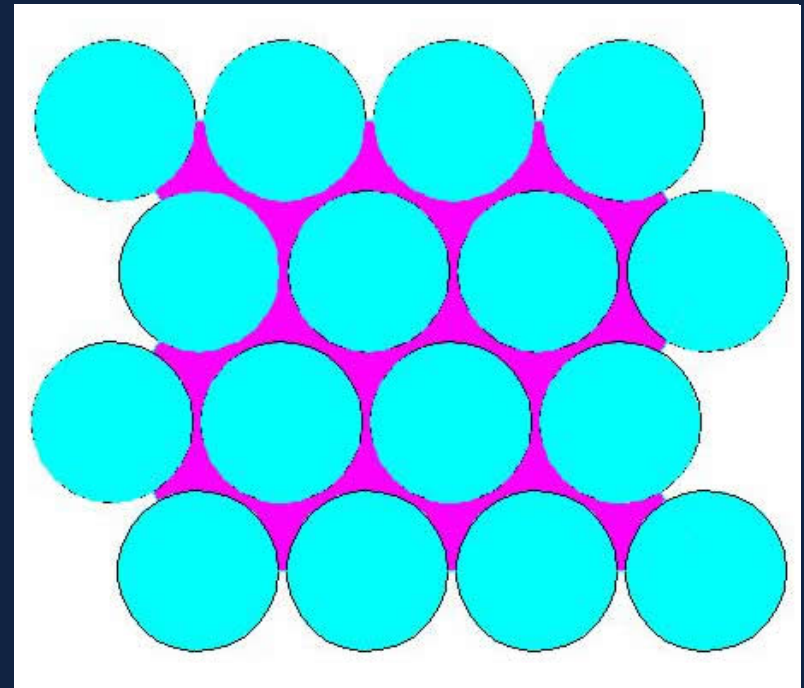
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Is the site full of leachate?



- High leachate levels affect the Radius of Influence (ROI) of extraction
- If ROI is estimated at 20m
- A 5% error reduces collection area by 10.7%



How long is the waste exposed?

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Are the gradients too steep?

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Or is the site too shallow?

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Are there site operations?

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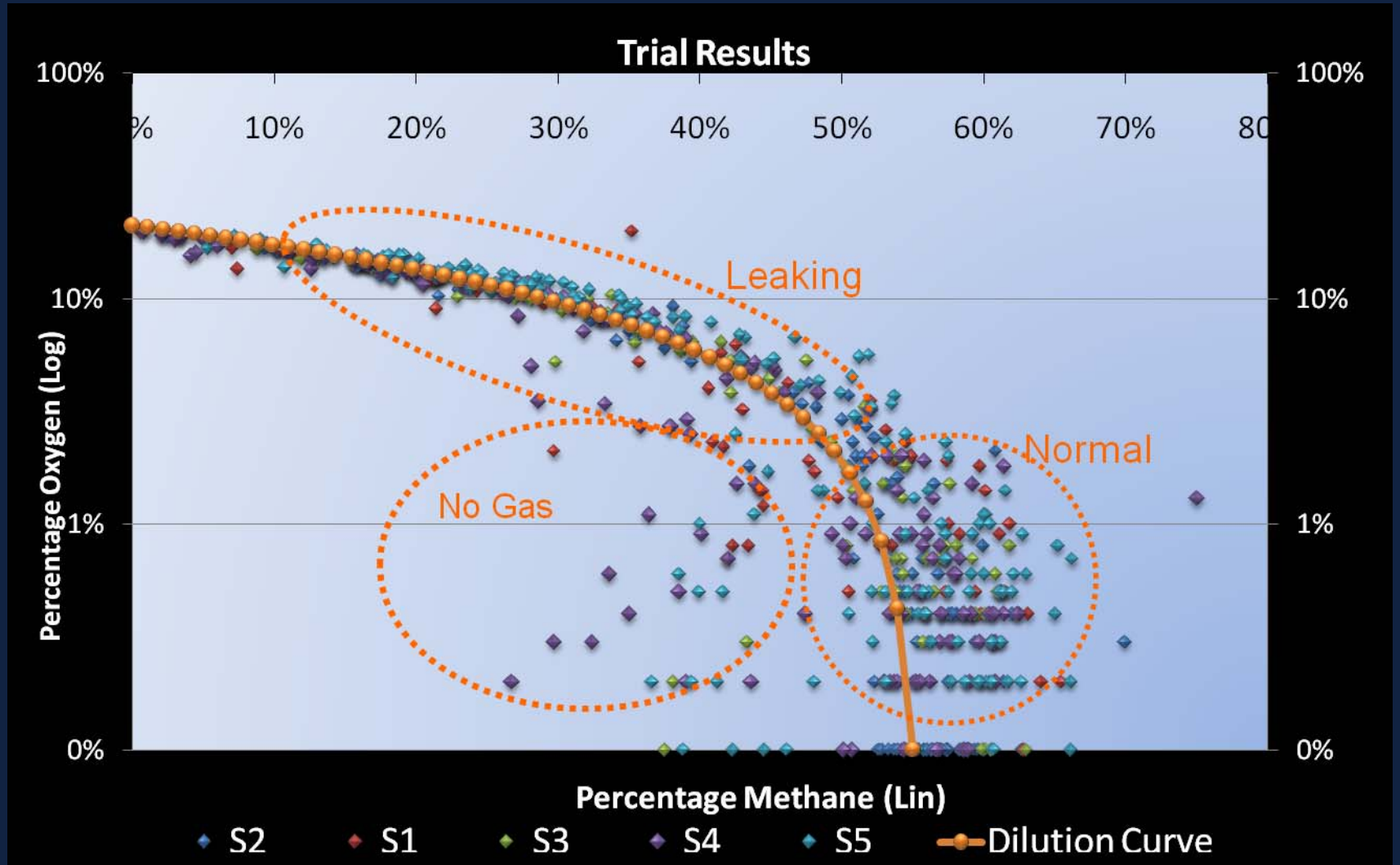
And other factors?

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- Air leakage
 - Is the applied vacuum limited by oxygen ingress
- Are all the gas wells performing normally

- APOLOGIES – I know the following slide is hard to read.





- Volume correction for altitude and temperature
 - Are the gas pumps correctly rated?
 - Are flow meters corrected?

- Condensate drainage
 - Flow restrictions can occur

- Pressure drop in pipe work
 - Is there enough suction on the site

Are we collecting all the gas?

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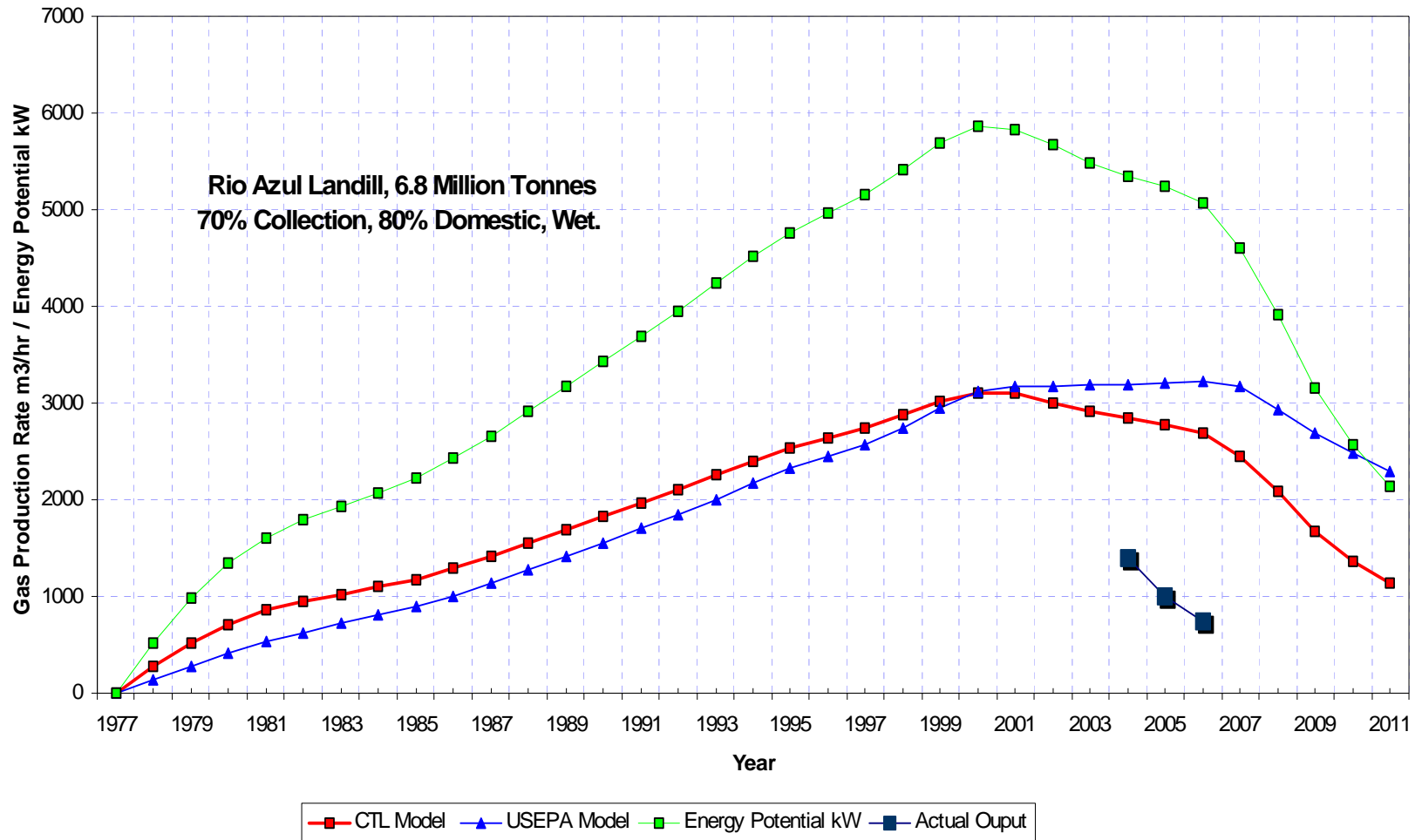


η – Collection Efficiency can't be modelled

- Reasonable assumptions are needed
- Adjustment based on history is required

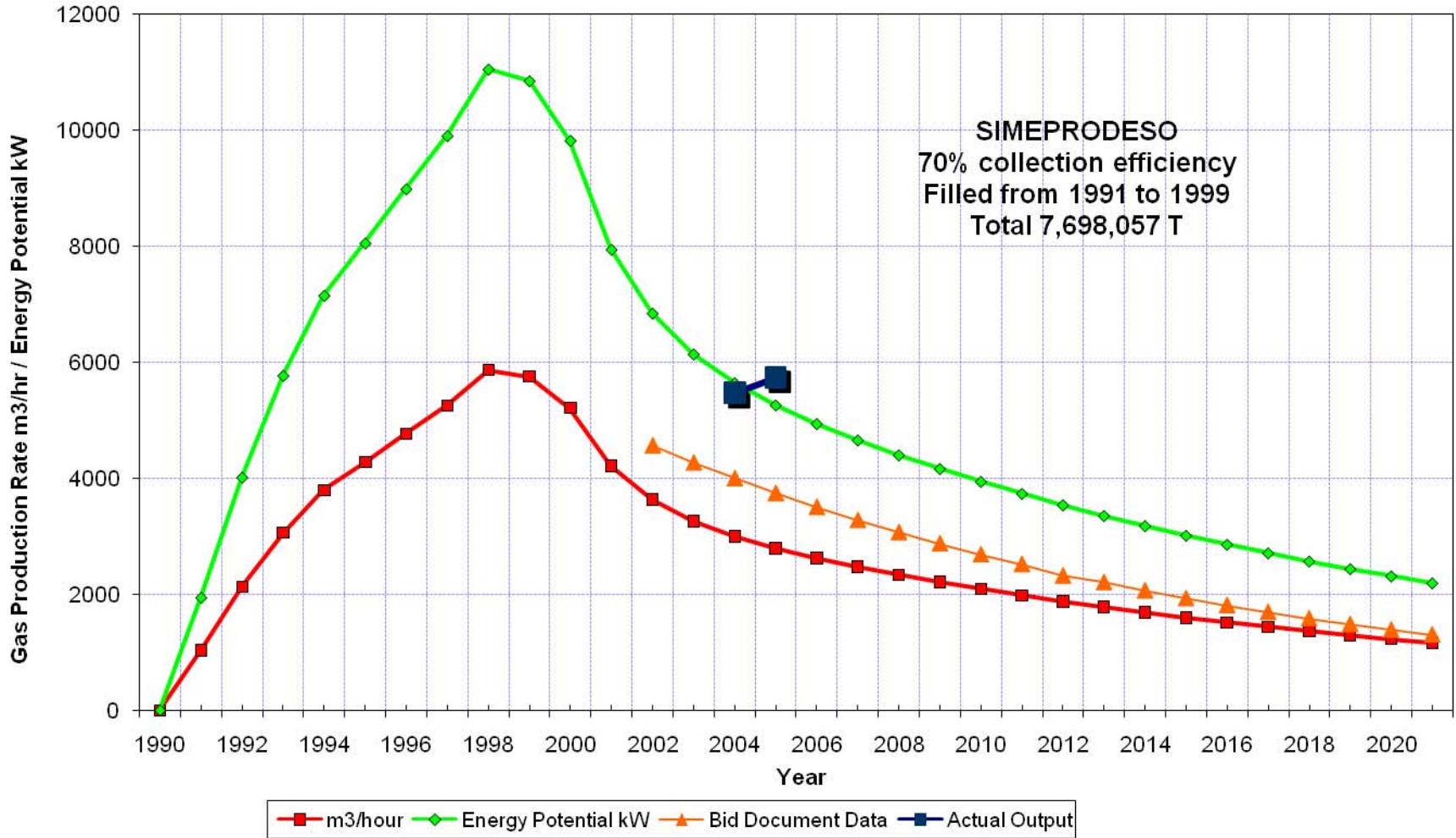
Rio Azul Gas Model

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Simeprodeso Gas Model

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Gas Models - Summary

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- May not adequately assess;
 - Site Conditions
 - Site Operations
 - Contractual terms

- Do not replace gas pumping trials

- Modelling requires actual and detailed knowledge of the site.
 - Take 50 gas models

On average they may be more or less correct .

!Any individual may be an order of magnitude wrong!



□ In Practice;

- Gas Models can be quite good
- Require to have detailed knowledge of the landfill
 - Waste
 - Engineering
 - Management
 - Environment

- CDM landfill gas projects are measured 'ex-post'
- Often 'what you get is what you get' – and with experience that is usually pretty good!

Thank you

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